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THE FREEMAN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION, RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

JOHN PRINTING in all its branches promptly, cheaply and neatly done. By the use of steam power and a large capital, we are enabled to turn out work at a rate that distances all competitors. We have facilities for printing all cases unobscured between New York and Albany.

THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION, RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE

AND
INSURANCE AGENCY,
LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE.

STOW & BENSON,
Representing the following First-Class and Popular Insurance Companies,

WITH COMBINED CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF OVER

\$46,972,000.

LIVERPOOL, London and Globe.

ROYAL, Liverpool.

INSURANCE CO. of North America, Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA FIRE, Philadelphia.

HOME, FIRE, New York.

COMMERCIAL, New York.

WESTCHESTER, New York.

MERCHANTS, New York.

LOHRLAND, New York.

ATLANTIC, New York.

NTAGARA, New York.

REPUBLIC, New York.

EXCHANGE, New York.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' MARINE, New York.

HOME LIFE, New York.

All of which Adjust Losses Fairly and Promptly.

DANIEL R. STOW,
ANTHONY BENSON.

Would not be Without

VEGETINE!

FOR TEN TIMES ITS COST.

The greatest benefit I received from the use of VEGETINE induces me to give my testimony in its favor. I believe it to be the best remedy for restoring the health, but a preventive of disease peculiar to the spring and summer seasons. I would not be without it for ten times its cost.

EDWIN TILDEN,
Attorney and General Agent, Life Insurance Company, No. 49 South Building, Boston, Mass.

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood and Restores the Health.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?

It is a compound extracted from bark, roots and herbs. It is a natural remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effects upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep. It is a great tonic for our aged fathers and mothers. For it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them a healthy sleep. It is a great blood purifier. It is a healthy person. It is a great blood purifier. It is a healthy person. It is a great blood purifier. It is a healthy person.

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VOL. 3, NO. 173.

CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT,) TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 793.

BREVITIES.

—A Georgia man claims that he has a mouse that can sing equal to any bird. Well, it's all the same to the cat.

—Boston pays \$14,000 a year for church music, when congregations stand ready to sing without charging a cent.

—By an enactment of the last Legislature the conveyance of prisoners to the penitentiary is taken from the constables and given to the sheriff.

—The young lady in Wisconsin who received \$1,000 damages for a kiss is reported as spending for some more damaging.

—A New York girl got mad at her Kansas lover and expressed him 1,400 love letters. She got pleased again next day and telegraphed him to return the letters at her expense.

—The Milwaukee Sentinel thinks the worst feature about the cremation business is that some winter morning, in a fit of philanthropy, your widow's second husband may empty your ashes on the ice pavement for the benefit of pedestrians.

—A man at Weston, Missouri, fired in the dark at a man who was stealing his corn, and the next day the county sheriff was around with his arm in a sling.

—A Missouri judge has decided that a woman is not an "old maid" until she is thirty-five. Few unmarried women ever reach that age about here.

—When a man leaves a boarding house in Utah it is the fashion for the keeper and her girls to stand at the head of the stairs and sing lighted lamps at him. No time for lucid explanations.

—A London advertisement runs thus: "A country priest will say Mass once a week for any one who will regularly send him the Times newspaper, second-hand, on the day of its publication.

—Five hundred persons are thrown out of employment for a few days by the breakage in the machinery of the Franconia Steel Works at Wareham, Mass., caused by a piece of iron placed in the regulating gear by some malicious person.

—In Elmira, the other day, Mr. Maloney deliberately set down, took a shop brooked by trees his legs, and nearly severed his head from his body. Thoughtful of the comforts of others to the last, he did not want to spill any drops on the carpet.

—In the year ending on the 1st inst. Mr. Bergh's office expended \$19,813.28 and received \$35,735.85. The society's officers humbly destroyed 500 horses, and ordered 450 lame horses out of harness and sent home for rest and treatment.

—A Milwaukee man has applied for a patent on a fountain pen, which, by the pressure of the thumb on a small rubber ball, projects a stream of ink through the holder into the face of the fellow who is looking over your shoulder while you are writing. It lacks one essential, however; it makes no provision for the afterglow.

—Mrs. Mary A. Livermore lectures and preaches nearly two hundred times a year, and ranks next to Gough in the number of her engagements. She is now in her home in Melrose, Mass., preparing two new lectures for the coming season, entitled, "Concerning Husbands" and "The Insurrection of Women."

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LAWTON & STEBBINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS

AT LAW,

No. 5 Masonic Hall building, second floor,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

MEINHOLD & WEBB,

NEW STEAM

CRACKER BAKERY,

Distillers of

CIDER WHISKY,

Ellenville, N. Y.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS,

CHATELAIN BRIDS, SWITCHES,

FRONTS, CURLS, WIGS, WHISKERS, MUSTACHES, Etc.

COMBINGS MADE UP to the best advantage, and colored as desired, at the

House Building, Rondout, N. Y.

STOVE POLISH & VARNISH

BENJAMIN FRIES,

MANUFACTURES THE

BEST ARTICLE OF STOVE

POLISH IN THE MARKET.

THE

STOVE POLISH

AND VARNISH

GIVES A NEAT POLISH WITH LESS LABOR THAN ANY OTHER.

IT WILL MAKE YOUR STOVES LOOK LIKE MIRRORS.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES MURPHY,

DIVISION STREET, RONDOUT.

DENTISTRY!!

FRISSELLE & ROSA,

DENTISTS.

It is a comfort to know that the English Liberals have got a whip. Sir Robert Peel has either parted the lash from the handle or is some other party to be made useless, and thus it becomes necessary to replace him with a brand-new implement. William Patrick Adam, the suffraging whip, has the most comprehensive name ever heard and is probably master of his trade. But what a mean position to be so largely advertised.

Petitions are circulating among business firms and pointing in upon Congress to enact proper safeguards in the printing of government issues. When one party is strenuously urging the issue of a larger amount of currency, and another set that we already have too many, it becomes of considerable importance that none but genuine are put afloat. When the work of printing the currency is all done in the Treasury Department there is a possibility of sufficient security, as the printing of a great deal of portable property in the pockets of employees. Sufficient checks may be introduced, but the chances of their success are not as great as when the printing of separate parts of a bill are committed to three or four companies, while the Treasury completes the note. While we employ greenbacks we must be sure there is no inflation, and by enacting the proper laws, and the printing of some parts of the bill by Congress, is the simplest precaution that security dictates, and Congress should promptly give it.

Some people are born before their time, and some after it. No man's life can be a complete success unless the qualities and liabilities of his mind are in sympathy with those of his age. We except, of course, the cases of reformers who are internally harmonious and right, and whose only perplexity and labor is how best to advance their generation by overthrowing its sins and bad customs. In general men must belong to their time, be aware of its ills and fall easily into its fashions, if they would be at peace and carry influence. This is just what Dr. Patton of Chicago, the prosecutor of Prof. Swing for heresy, is not. Patton should have been ordered into this world in the day of John Calvin and been engaged with him in the burning of all sorts of churchly malcontents and ecclesiastical free-thinkers. Or, he would have made a capital accessory to Cotton Mather in the due-light of his dogmatical and utterly false would have sought out and tried all cases of witchcraft, and with what order of sanctity would he have drowned them. As it is, the Professor has been torn out of due time and his constitution renders it impossible for him to understand how ridiculous his attitude is in the face of the broad-souled century in which he is a pilgrim and a stranger.

A Sensible Move.
The best thing the House Committee of Post Offices and Post Roads has done in a long while is to agree to make the prepayment of postage on newspapers absolute. At present the receipts of the department from newspaper postage are very slight, and out of all proportion to the service performed. Probably not one-quarter of the postage due according to law is received, nor will it ever be so long as the postage is not paid before the paper is permitted to enter the post-office. It is hardly to be expected that it will, and even if it could under the present system it costs too much. To collect of subscribers \$30 of newspaper postage for one-quarter would require the preparation and presentation of one thousand bills, requiring labor entirely out of proportion to the amount involved. All this labor can be avoided by making each newspaper publisher pay so much per pound in bulk for every day's or week's issue he puts in the mail. This will be the least inconvenient way to publishers, as it can be done without extra postage or expense, and the government will surely get its money. It is right and proper that the Post Department should be paid for carrying papers through its mails. It now gets only a fraction of its dues; the new system will give it all it earns. When the newspapers pay their dues regularly and squarely they will expect more prompt and regular delivery of the post of the post-office. There is vast room for improvement in this respect, but until the newspapers pay their way grudgingly will hardly be in order.

Morton Heard From.
Senator Morton has had a hard time since the veto, and it is perhaps ungenerous to have expected a reply from him sooner. Yet one so thoroughly indoctrinated with the doctrine of inflation as he should have been, it would seem, as able to enunciate his opinions as the woman who would not let proper discipline be for a rather sublimely opinion on she held on the subject of scissors. Though sick he should have managed a couple of weeks ago to have flung a bundle of greenbacks in the air.

Now that he has mustered strength to write about the veto, he only continues to write that the shot struck a vital part, as his letter is really an abandonment of his position. He has always been a devoted advocate of inflation, and now he seeks to show that he was only in favor of legalizing the issue of reserve that the Secretary had arbitrarily put upon the market. Certainly if the forty-four millions are upon the market they should be so legally, and not by the mere will of a financial officer who isn't a financier.

Mr. Morton it appears, only wants now a reappointment of currency, and that in the distribution to have a number of millions more. Mr. Morton shows a remarkable degree of greenness in financial matters to expect any great relief for the West by any such arrangement. Currency flows with the trade level, and he could plant a hundred millions of fresh, crisp greenbacks in Minnesota and Kansas and Indiana next week and they'd be back in Wall street just as soon as the express companies could convey them back. What the West wants is capital, a far different thing from currency. That Senator Morton should be as ignorant of this difference as he shows himself to be prompts the suggestion that a few elementary tracts on finance might profitably go out West also.

The Most Economical Thing Out.
The English First Lord of the Admiralty wants the navy considerably strengthened, so Great Britain can regain her old-time supremacy of the seas. It is perfectly natural that a nation whose maritime interests are so immense should desire to make a corresponding exhibition of power. But it's a very costly business and wonderfully wasteful. A government vessel now-a-days has a very bad habit of drifting to pieces before its side timbers are fairly on, or it runs before the last rivets are securely fastened. It has surprised the British people to learn that though they have fifty-five great war vessels, of immense force in tonnage and metal, yet of all the large number only fourteen are fit for sea. They probably have not read any accounts of similar investments on this side of the water, or they would not be surprised.

The fact is a huge amount of money must be wasted by every first-class power so long as the present system of settling international disputes continues in vogue. The huge army of one nation, with its costly pay-roll and immense waste of time of men who would otherwise be lifting the soil or producing something in other industrial property, necessitates the constant employment by its neighbor of a similar establishment of equal or at least approximate strength and of course of the expense. A Berlin telegram that Bismarck asks for another regiment sends a shiver

through the whole French Assembly, to be succeeded by a fever of excitement for another corps for the French army. And these two have no sooner added to their little investments than Russia ransacks her dominions for a few more soldiers to pay for doing nothing.

Meanwhile, however, the latest method of settling disputes is making some impression. It is probable that Geneva suggested the law whereby the Chamber of Commerce, with Judge Fancher as Arbitrator, proposes to settle the differences between merchants. It is not entirely to be attributed to that, of course, for the enormous cost of law has something to do with it. But anybody who carefully compares the French-German style and the English-Yankee way of settling disputes, cannot but see how much more perfect the latter is than the former. France and France are about as embittered and fierce against each other as ever, while John Bull and Brother Jonathan are decidedly nearer to each other than before.

The idea of the era is arbitration. A fair-minded arbitrator can settle a difference between two business men in one-fiftieth the time and at one-hundredth the expense that a judge and a bar full of lawyers can. It doesn't pay to quarrel, while arbitration pays heavy dividends.

CURRENT TOPICS.
—If the President interferes at all in Arkansas affairs, hadn't he better order both Brooks and Baxter to declare a provisional government?

—Congressman Melish has been sent to an insane asylum. We thought that question to Phelps could only be asked by a lunatic.

—The second Baptists in Brooklyn have concluded to secede back again, and everything is lovely among the brethren again.

—Cremation was too easy and simple a work, and now they have invented "incineration."

—Miss Neilson has sailed for England. Her playing has placed her in the front rank of actresses here, and her departure will be greatly regretted by all lovers of the legitimate drama.

—The dead lock of the coroner's jury in the case of the Shawangunk boiler explosion illustrates again one of the standing wonders of the world; why it will ever be supposed that the jury system would promote the ends of truth and justice.

—Cremation is progressing. Boecher thinks it makes no difference, and the Sun has discovered that Lord Byron and his friends cremated Shelley's remains. How beautifully a book-agent would burn.

—They are relieving those sufferers by Mississippi's overflow at a very creditable rate. New Orleans has shipped them in fifteen days \$32,000 gallons of breadstuffs and 353,000 of meat. The American heart can always be relied on.

—New Yorkers are getting excited about the ice question. Considering that ice will be six times as high as last year there is a great deal of sense in this heat about so cool a subject.

—Secretary Richardson is all well again, it appears. But the country is not. We don't wish Mr. R. any harm, but if he got a small dose of whooping-cough we wouldn't grieve greatly.

VICINITY.
—Oswego—no license.
—Pawling—no license.
—Nyack charges \$100 for license.
—The Matteawan Enterprise has gone up.
—Boats are towed from Albany to New York for \$5 to \$10.

—Middleton has concluded not to buy a steamer.
—License in Port Jervis—\$45 for hotels, \$35 for stores.
—A Nyack man caught 3,000 herrings on Monday.

—A Troy man has shot another for flirting with his wife.
—Olezo and Ceanago counties are very short of hay.

—Barnum had to skip Homebase on account of the bad roads.
—Cherry Valley boys eat peanuts and white in church.

—The Calloway iron mines are abandoned to mud and water.
—The first edition of the History of Sullivan county is already exhausted.

—Pokeepsie has commenced suits against parties who don't clean the streets.
—Rev. John McClellan Holmes of Hudson will sail for Europe on the 16th.

—Seventeen dollars was subscribed to the Ernst relief fund in Hudson.
—Palen & Co. of Sullivan county will have to go into bankruptcy. Their creditors won't compromise.

—Wm. A. Smith has been elected Chief Engineer of the Rhinebeck Fire Department and Harry Tremper Assistant.

—The Luquer mill property in Montgomery has been bought by John L. Haite and Elijah K. Warring for \$16,000.

—A little pleasure propeller of Sangerites has been sold for a ferry-boat at Newburgh.

—The price of board at the Middletown Asylum has been put at \$4 per week for indigent and pauper patients.

—Rev. J. P. Horman of Chester had his horse and buggy stolen on the 4th of May. The man who would steal a minister's horse must be a mighty mean chap.

—An exchange says twenty engineers and conductors on the Boston & Albany Railroad have experienced religion and joined the Baptist Church in Springfield.

—The snake crop bids fair to be an extraordinary one this spring. One man last week killed eleven at one hole near Montague Lake, and then got tired, leaving a dozen.

—The Troy Whig says: "A prominent lumber dealer informs us that there is at present about 10,000,000 feet of lumber in Troy and West Troy. The annual summer stock is about 40,000,000."

—At a meeting of the Directors of the D. & M. R. R., held at Andes, an offer was made by Hon. Thos. Cornell to take \$40,000 of first mortgage bonds at 90 cents, on condition that about \$50,000 additional should be taken by other friends along the line. Now is the time to push this enterprise, so vital to that place and all the towns on its line.

—The ballasting of the Rhinebeck & Connecticut Railroad is now completed far as the end of the line at Gallatinville; already more freight is offered than can be accommodated by the present number of cars. This week ten car loads of freight were brought in for Capt. J. H. Baldwin, at Rhinebeck, for New York via Great Enterprise. The freight consisted of hay, straw, calves, &c., the products of the country through which the road runs. As soon as Andover is reached a turntable is to be constructed and regular trains put on the road.—*Pokeepsie Eagle.*

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Adjournment of the House of Lords.
LONDON, May 11.—The House of Lords will adjourn from the 22d inst. until June 1st.

SPAIN.

The Carlist Loss.

MADRID, May 11.—The Carlists under Don Alphonso lost 500 men in killed and wounded in their recent defeat.

The Republican Forces Advancing.

LONDON, May 12.—5:30 A. M.—A special dispatch to the Times says Gen. Concha began his advance from Bilbao yesterday. The Carlists are retreating themselves in the mountain passes. General Elorza has issued a decree that all persons expressing dissent to the pretensions of Don Carlos will be shot.

CUBA.

Acting Vice Consul Lawton Ordered to Yamacoo.

Key West, May 11.—A dispatch from Havana says Wm. Lawton, an American, who acts as Vice Consul for Great Britain and Germany at Matanzas, has been ordered to leave the island within ten days, in consequence of having had communication with the insurgents. Frederick Dockery is still in person at Puerto Principe.

A Welcome Decree.

HANNA, May 11.—Captain General Concha has issued a decree permitting members of the militia who pay \$1,000 into the Treasury to remain at home. Many persons are availing themselves of this permission.

THE STRIKING MINERS.

Everything Quiet Once More.
CINCINNATI, May 11.—Affairs at Wheeling, Ohio, are quiet since the arrest of the rioting miners on Saturday. Miners are not working, however, no one daring to attempt it.

THE N. Y. C. & H. R. R. CO. ROBBERS.

Liberal Reward for their Arrest.
POCONOCHIE, May 11.—The New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company to-day declared an offer of \$5,000 for the arrest of George Van Velsor and Isaac Baxter, who stole \$35,000 from the office of the Treasurer of that company. Full descriptions of the men have been forwarded to all the police headquarters in the country.

ANTI-TEMPERANCE TRIUMPH.

Local Option Killed.
HARRISBURG, Pa., May 11.—The Pennsylvania Legislature defeated the local option bill to-day.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Order of Business in the Senate.
WASHINGTON, May 11.—The Republican Senatorial caucus to-day agreed upon the following order of business: General award bill, financial bill recently reported as a substitute for the House bill and then the general appropriation bill as presented.

An Important Decision.

The Court of Claims to-day rendered a decision on the application of Mrs. Belva Lockwood for admission to the bar of the tribunal that common law and precedent are all against the appointment of women to the office of Attorney, but that the question of how far the statutes and recent practice have modified the subject is beyond the jurisdiction of the court, which intimated that its action was not final, but could be reversed by the Supreme Court on a writ of error if Mrs. Lockwood desired it. Congress will probably be applied to for a declaratory law or resolution removing legal obstacles to admission of women.

ARKANSAS.

Things Assuming a Decidedly War-like Aspect.
St. Louis, May 11.—Dispatches from Little Rock to officers of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railroad say General Churchill and Colonel King White crossed the river this morning with a considerable force of Baxter's troops, and started for Barling Cross. Immediately afterwards Colonel John M. Clayton of Brooks' army crossed the railroad bridge with 300 men. At latest accounts (11 o'clock) there was skirmishing along the lines and a lively fire was kept up, but with what result is not known. Brooks' forces hold the railroad bridge and will not allow Baxter's troops to cross it. The trains are not molested.

Cessation of Hostilities.

St. Louis, May 11.—Latest advice from Little Rock say a small detachment of federal troops has crossed the river with a flag of truce, and firing on the part of Baxter and Brooks' forces has now ceased. No casualties are reported.

Report of Casualties.

Little Rock, May 11.—Latter in the skirmish across the river this morning quite a number are reported killed and wounded on the Brooks side, while Baxter admits that he had only one man wounded. Baxterites claim that at the time of interference by the United States troops they had Brooks' forces surrounded and would have captured the whole party.

The House met again at 4 P. M., thirty-seven members present. The Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to bring in a messenger and the House adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow. About ten members arrived to-night, and there will doubtless be a quorum to-morrow in the House, at least.

To the dispatch from President Grant to-day Baxter responded as follows: "There is a most quorum of both Houses of the Legislature present, and they have never under the Constitution to adjourn from day to day until they have a quorum, and they can adjourn no longer than until they have quorum. When they get a quorum I am in favor of their adjourning as long as they please, or till every Brooks adherent is present. With this understanding I will disband my troops in proportion as Brooks' demands his, but for the meeting of the Legislature at the usual place Brooks may quit the State House, and get as far from it west as I am east, and deposit state arms in the state armory and let the State House and public buildings be turned over at once to the Secretary of State, to whom under law they belong."

The above dispatch was endorsed by thirty or forty members of the Legislature. Baxter to-day received about 400 reinforcements, among them about 200 colored men. The city is a perfect military camp, and almost every business house is closed. Matters are quiet to-night, and federal troops are on the alert to prevent any conflict. Brooks to-night issued a call for an extra session of the Legislature on the 24th instant.

Grant Advises Brooks to Accept Baxter's Proposition.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The President to-day telegraphed to Baxter that he considers his last proposition regarding the Legislature as fair and reasonable. He also telegraphed the same to Brooks, and advised him that his interests require its immediate acceptance.

MARINE DISASTER.

Steamship Ashore.
MATANE, Quebec, May 11.—6 P. M.—The steamship Viking has been ashore here since 2 P. M. No person on board has landed yet.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

Mayor Havemeyer Charged with Intemperance.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The Aldermanic committee appointed to investigate the alleged street cleaning frauds met this afternoon. Mayor Havemeyer's communication on the subject was read, after which Alderman Orteschi said he did not regard the expressed wish of the Mayor to have the matter investigated as sincere, as enough corruption and fraud had been shown by the legislative committee on the same matter not only to have the Police Commissioners removed, but also indicted by the Grand Jury. He looked upon the Mayor as shielding the Police Commissioners. It was agreed to make out specific charges against the Commissioners and request their immediate removal.

A Railroad Difficulty.

The books and property of the Canada Southern Railroad were seized to-day under a writ of attachment granted by Judge Donohue, 1. Supreme Court chambers, on an application of Messrs. Mugrove & Co., for \$70,000. A number of books in possession of Mr. Whitney, counsel for the road, were also seized, and it is said Whitney had a large amount of property of the road in his safe, a statement of which will be made to-morrow. Mr. E. A. Wilkes, Vice President, thinks the matter will be amicably settled in a day or two.

Election of Temperance Officers.

The National Temperance Society met here to-day and elected Wm. E. Dodge President for the ensuing year and eight-eighty Vice President, George H. W. Becker, Jr., President Wilson, Bishop Jones, General O. Howard, J. B. Gough, Schuyler Colfax and Neal Dow.

Western Boats Time.

Western accomplished 115 miles in 23 hours 50 minutes and 58 seconds. He will rest until 5:30 to-morrow morning, when he resumes his walk.

FIRE.

Woolen Mill Destroyed.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 11.—Bardwell's burned last night at Barrett's Station, Belchertown, \$40,000; insurance, \$29,500.

Forest Fires in New York.

BUFFALO, May 11.—Fires in the woods in Elma and Marillo, Erie county, and Beazington, Wyoming county, are prevailing to an alarming extent, barns, farm houses and other property being destroyed. The village of Elma, Erie county, narrowly escaped destruction through the exertions of its residents.

Fire Bugs at Work.

TRINITYVILLE, Pa., May 11.—A fire at Warren, Pa., yesterday morning destroyed the Episcopal Church and several other buildings. Loss, \$20,000. Two hours later a second fire occurred destroying the Russell House and other buildings. Loss \$20,000; insurance \$15,000 in each case. Both were incendiary fires.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT RESULTING FROM CARELESSNESS.

Three Persons Killed and Two Wounded.
BUFFALO, May 11.—About half past five this afternoon, without previous warning, McArthur's four story brick block on Main street, above Eagle street, fell with a terrible crash, crushing in an adjoining two story block, Stevenson's. The blocks were occupied by McArthur, confectioner; Taake, Jeweller; Cook, Shaffer & Co., variety store, &c. A daughter of the Janitor, Frank Vogle, 5 years old, was instantly killed, as was also a son of Professor Bachman, principal of the State Normal School, 14 years of age. Mrs. Buckham had a leg broken and was severely bruised. Emma Soley, nurse, 14 years old, had her left arm torn off and her skull fractured; her injuries are probably fatal. Reports prevail that one or more are still under the debris. There were many narrow escapes; several were some thirty persons in the building when it fell. The cause is attributed to the carelessness of some masons, who knocked out a portion of the back wall of McArthur's block to connect it with a new building in the rear. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

NINTH ARMY CORPS REUNION.

A Proposition to "Clasp Hands across the Bloody Chasm."
HARRISBURG, May 11.—The Society of the Ninth Army Corps met in the Senate chamber this afternoon and discussed the proposition that next year Longstreet's Confederate corps—the one which the Ninth most frequently encountered—be invited to meet with the Ninth and have a patriotic time and bury the hatchet together and forever. The proposition was greeted with tremendous applause. The old officers were re-elected for the ensuing year.

CAPTURE OF AN ESCAPED CONVICT.

He Again Attempts to Escape by Leaping from a Train.
NEW YORK, May 11.—William Edwards, the Philadelphia bank robber, who escaped from state prison at Trenton, N. J., about a year ago, was arrested to-day. On his way to Trenton the prisoner jumped through a car window and attempted to escape. The train was stopped and Edwards found, with both legs fractured and injured internally. It is thought he cannot recover.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT TO BREAK JAIL.

A Guard and a Convict Killed.
JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., May 11.—To-day four convicts, Kennedy, Applegate, Stanley and Port, confined in the state prison here, were knocked down one of the guards, displayed knives and revolvers and escaped. The party were pursued by Western Sheriff and guards and a colored convict named Brown. The convicts were overtaken and a brick firing ensued. George Chamberlain, a guard, was shot through the head by one of the convicts and instantly killed. Port, one of the convicts, was also killed, and Brown, a convict assisting the guards, was seriously though not mortally wounded. Warden Shuler had two shots through his clothing. The party were all captured, and returned to prison.

THE CUBA CABLE REPAIRED.

The Break Doubtless Caused by Some Vessel.
NEW YORK, May 11.—The supposed fault of imperfection in the Cuba cable, which had interrupted communication during several months, proves to have been a complete break. Wm. Mackintosh, the Western Union Telegraph Company's foreman of construction and repairs in New York city, found the trouble a few days ago nearly a mile and a half from the shore, where he buoyed the parted ends and effected the necessary repairs by inserting 300 feet of new cable. The break showed that it had been made with an axe, doubtless in order to clear some vessel's anchor which had fouled.

A DISSENTING AFFAIR.

Hape and Lynch Law.
MOBILE, Ala., May 11.—A man named Frank Williams yesterday committed rape on a four-year-old girl. This morning a large body of men marched to the county jail, where Williams was confined, battered down the door, took him out and hung him.

THE WEATHER.

To-day's Probabilities.
For the New England and Middle States and lower lake region generally clear and cooler weather will prevail, with easterly southerly winds and stationary to falling barometer.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

A resolution was adopted that the Public Building Committee ascertain whether the material of the unfinished Washington monument can be used for a Washington arch, and whether the Washington Monument Society consent to such arrangement.

A petition from the Northern Pacific Railroad for the modification of the charter, accompanied by bill amending the act of Congress granting lands to aid in the construction of said road, was referred to the Railroad Committee.

Mr. CONKLING presented a printed memorial of the citizens of New York interested in the transportation of live stock, asking that swine be exempted from the provisions of the bill requiring live stock to be unloaded at certain points while being transported. Storyman were entered a similar petition from dealers in Cincinnati. Both were referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The Senate then went to the calendar until the expiration of the morning hour, when it resumed consideration of the Geneva award bill, the pending question being a motion of Mr. Thurman to amend the clause relating to insurance companies from filing claims for losses sustained. Thurman addressed the Senate in support of his amendment. After the bill was read, Mr. Thurman moved that it be given to the completion of the Geneva award bill and Wednesday to the consideration of bills from the Committee on Claims. It was finally agreed that the vote on the Geneva award bill should be taken to-morrow at 3 o'clock, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee Edmunds, who has charge of it, to take the floor at 5 o'clock to close the debate. The Senate at 5 o'clock adjourned.

HOUSE.

The bill makes the following appropriations: For the harbor at Dunkirk, N. Y., \$35,000, Buffalo \$50,000, Alton, Oak Orchard, Putneyville and Washington, N. Y., each \$10,000, Oswego \$75,000, Oswego \$85,000, Putneyville \$4,000, Burlington, Vt., \$15,000, Saratoga, Vt., \$8,000, improvements of the Hudson River \$18,000, removal of obstructions from said river \$25,000.

POST OF ILLINOIS moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution declaring if increase of taxation be found necessary such increase shall constitute a part of the annual income, dividends and salaries. Carried—yeas 126, nays 62.

A passage at arms occurred between Garfield and Potter and Speaker Blaine, the first named gentleman having moved to reconsider at 2:30. The Speaker stated he would not have recognized Garfield had he known the nature of his motion, as he (the Speaker) had told Garfield by informal means to reconsider at 2:30. Mr. NUM of Tennessee offered a resolution authorizing the President to appoint a provisional Governor for Arkansas, to hold office until the regular session of the Legislature, in dispute there can be decided by a proper judicial tribunal. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Thomas at 3 o'clock P. M. went into Committee on the Winding Blacklock of Indiana in the chair, on the military appropriation bill, it appropriates \$335,632. After an explanation by Garfield, it was laid aside to be reported to the House. The committee then took up the deficiency appropriation bill, of which the following is a summary: The total sum appropriated is \$3,341,175.32, as follows: Under the Department of State \$50,072.92, under the Treasury Department \$588,422.52, under the War Department \$611,490.99, under the Interior Department \$485,176.76, under the Post Office Department \$291,604.06, for the House of Representatives, Capitol grounds and botanic garden \$30,617.72, for the Federal School of the District of Columbia \$18,386.58.

After remarks by Mr. McCOMBICK of Arizona on the Indian question, BECK of Kentucky commented on the fact that the river and harbor appropriation bill had been passed to-day under a suspension of the rules, although it contained a lot of \$100,000 appropriation bills for little creeks in Michigan, Wisconsin and New England, for so on, and proposed that to give importance to the bill, that the military academy bill had just been passed through the Committee of the House in five minutes, and now be supposed that this deficiency bill was to be pushed through in the same way. He hoped and trusted that very few of the Members who were responsible for such proceedings would be members of the next Congress.

Without making much progress on the deficiency bill, the Committee rose and reported the military academy appropriation bill to the House and it was thereupon passed. Adjourned.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 11.

WHEAT.—Dull, and five to ten cents lower. Receipts 90,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at \$1.04-1/2 for No. 2 Chicago, \$1.04-1/2 for No. 2 Milwaukee; \$1.04-1/2 for No. 1 Spring, Rye quiet. Receipts 1,000 bushels. Sales none. Corn heavy. Receipts 12,000 bushels. Sales 1,000 bushels, at 54-1/2 for new, 54-1/2 for old. Oats lower. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old. Barley still and declining. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old. Flour heavy. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old.

GRAIN.—Wheat quiet. Receipts 90,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at \$1.04-1/2 for No. 2 Chicago, \$1.04-1/2 for No. 2 Milwaukee; \$1.04-1/2 for No. 1 Spring, Rye quiet. Receipts 1,000 bushels. Sales none. Corn heavy. Receipts 12,000 bushels. Sales 1,000 bushels, at 54-1/2 for new, 54-1/2 for old. Oats lower. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old. Barley still and declining. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old. Flour heavy. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old.

PROVISIONS.—Pork quiet. Receipts 10,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at \$1.04-1/2 for No. 2 Chicago, \$1.04-1/2 for No. 2 Milwaukee; \$1.04-1/2 for No. 1 Spring, Rye quiet. Receipts 1,000 bushels. Sales none. Corn heavy. Receipts 12,000 bushels. Sales 1,000 bushels, at 54-1/2 for new, 54-1/2 for old. Oats lower. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old. Barley still and declining. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old. Flour heavy. Receipts 23,000 bushels. Sales 2,000 bushels, at 40-1/2 for new, 40-1/2 for old.

OSWEGO MARKET.
OSWEGO, May 11.

FLOUR.—Flour has declined 25c on two upper grades; \$1.75 Number 1 Spring; \$1.75 Number 2 Spring; \$1.75 Number 3 Spring; \$1.75 Number 4 Spring; \$1.75 Number 5 Spring; \$1.75 Number 6 Spring; \$1.75 Number 7 Spring; \$1.75 Number 8 Spring; \$1.75 Number 9 Spring; \$1.75 Number 10 Spring; \$1.75 Number 11 Spring; \$1.75 Number 12 Spring; \$1.75 Number 13 Spring; \$1.75 Number 14 Spring; \$1.75 Number 15 Spring; \$1.75 Number 16 Spring; \$1.75 Number 17 Spring; \$1.75 Number 18 Spring; \$1.75 Number



Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower slopes of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of WALKER'S BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded, possessing the remarkable qualities of WALKER'S BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative, well as a Tonic, relieve Congestion, Indigestion of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Alterative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Diuretic, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim WALKER'S BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast trinitaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, which they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with WALKER'S BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Serofula, or King's Evil, White Swelling, Ulcers, Eruptions of the Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, In these, as in all other constitutional diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blisters, Spots, Pimples, Pastules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch Scars, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the decline of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when you find its impurities manifesting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, California, and all of Washington, D. C., and all of the United States. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

The Highest Medical Authorities of Europe say the strongest and most Decisive Remedy known to the medical world is

JURUBERBA

Harvests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen. Price \$1 a bottle. JOHN C. KELLOGG, N. Y. N. Y.

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES, USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS. Best up to date. A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY. Sold by Druggists.

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We offer special inducements to Railway companies, being prepared to turn out this class of work in the most expeditious manner. Headings and blanks ruled and printed with CORVING INK, if desired, will copy in an ordinary letter press as readily as the writing fluid.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT.—THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Pursuant to the requirements of the 11th section of chapter 480 of the Laws of 1870, the undersigned, Justices of the Supreme Court, residing in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms within said Third Judicial Department, for two years, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and assign Justices to hold said Courts as follows:

Fourth Monday in January, 1874, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls. First Monday in October, 1874, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls. First Monday in December, 1874, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls.

Fourth Monday in January, 1875, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls. First Monday in October, 1875, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls. First Monday in December, 1875, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls.

Second Monday in February, 1875, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls. Second Monday in November, 1875, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls. Second Monday in December, 1875, at Westport. Learned Justice, Ingalls.

Special Terms for Motions and Argument of Deputies and Clerks. First Tuesday of every month, at Troy—Ingalls. Second Tuesday of every month, at Albany—Learned Justice, Ingalls. Third Tuesday of every month, at Hudson—Miller. Fourth Tuesday of every month, at Kingston—Westbrook.

Who are not otherwise engaged such terms are only for motions in the Third Judicial District and are subject to change by order of the Court.

T. R. WESTBROOK, Justices of the Supreme Court.

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WONDER OF HEALING.

The ready cure for Injuries, Bruises, Strains or Cuts. The prompt relief for Burns, Scalds and Sunburns. The greatest styptic or stauncher of bleeding known—arrests Nose Bleed, Bleeding Gums, Spitting of Blood, Bleeding from the Stomach, like a magic. The always sure and unfailing cure for Piles. The prompt relief of Toothache, Earache, Headache or Neuralgia. The cure for Rheumatic Pain, Lame ness, Soreness, Stiffness. The cure for Gouty Sores Throat, Inflammation of the Throat, Stomach, Kidney Complaint, Strangury. The cure for Dropsy, Diarrhea, Colic and Chronic Diarrhea. The cure for Catarrhs, Leucorrhoea or External Ulcers. The prompt cure for Boils, Ulcers, Old Sores, Corns and Bunions. The only cure for Varicose Veins. The magical relief of Chilblains, Frost-bites, Musquito Bites and Stings of Insects. The cure for Soreness, Excoriations, Chafings or Chaps. It produces no Stain, Discoloration or Irritation. It is the great staid remedy for Sprains, Lameness or Soreness, etc. It is invaluable for Bathing, Shaving, etc.

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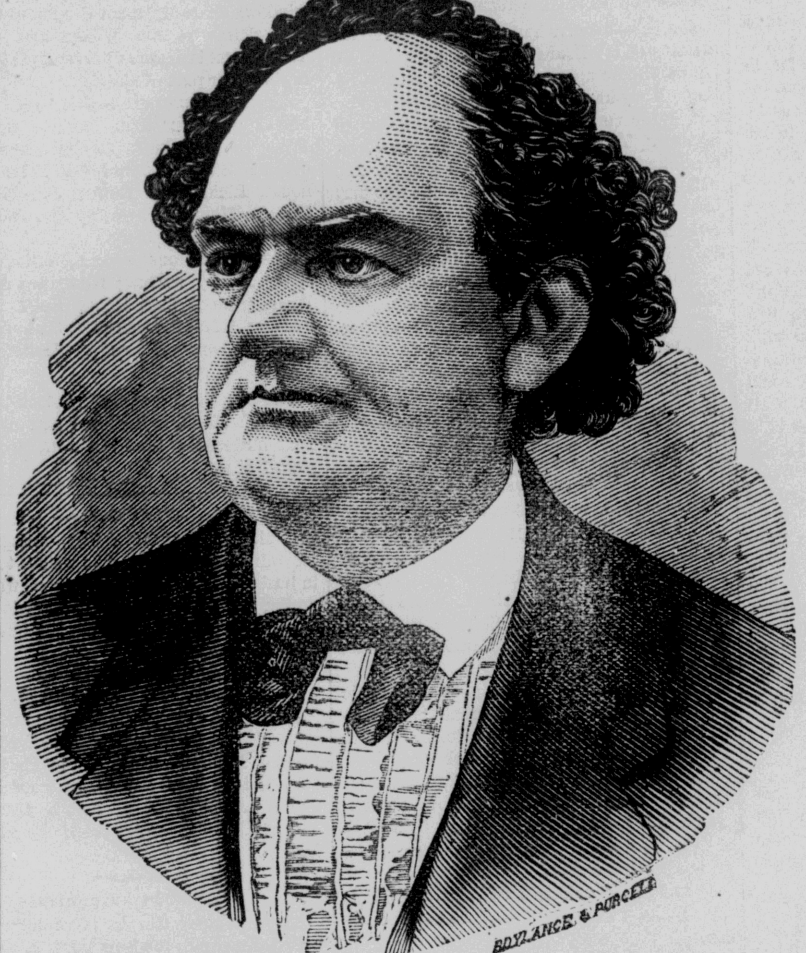
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STEPHEN ABBEY, HENRY ABBEY.

Rondout, Jan. 1874.

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In Canvas Colleges, Canopying Acres Comprehending

Twenty Great Shows in One!

OVER ONE THOUSAND MEN AND HORSES

Kingston, Friday, May 22.

Giving Daily Three Full, Grand and Complete Expositions, at 10 A. M. and 1 and 7 P. M.

100,000 Cardinal Curiosities! 1,500 Magnificent Representative Animals, Beasts, Birds, Reptiles, Amphibious Marine Monsters, Steam Engine Operated Automatic and Polytechnic Institute, and Stupendous Inter-Continental Amphitheatre

With Seats for 14,000 Spectators, and TWO SEPARATE RIVAL RINGS,

In both of which appear, at one and the same time,

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Only Living Giraffes In America, each one of which cost more than 15,000 of animals usually presented as "features" in travelling Menageries.

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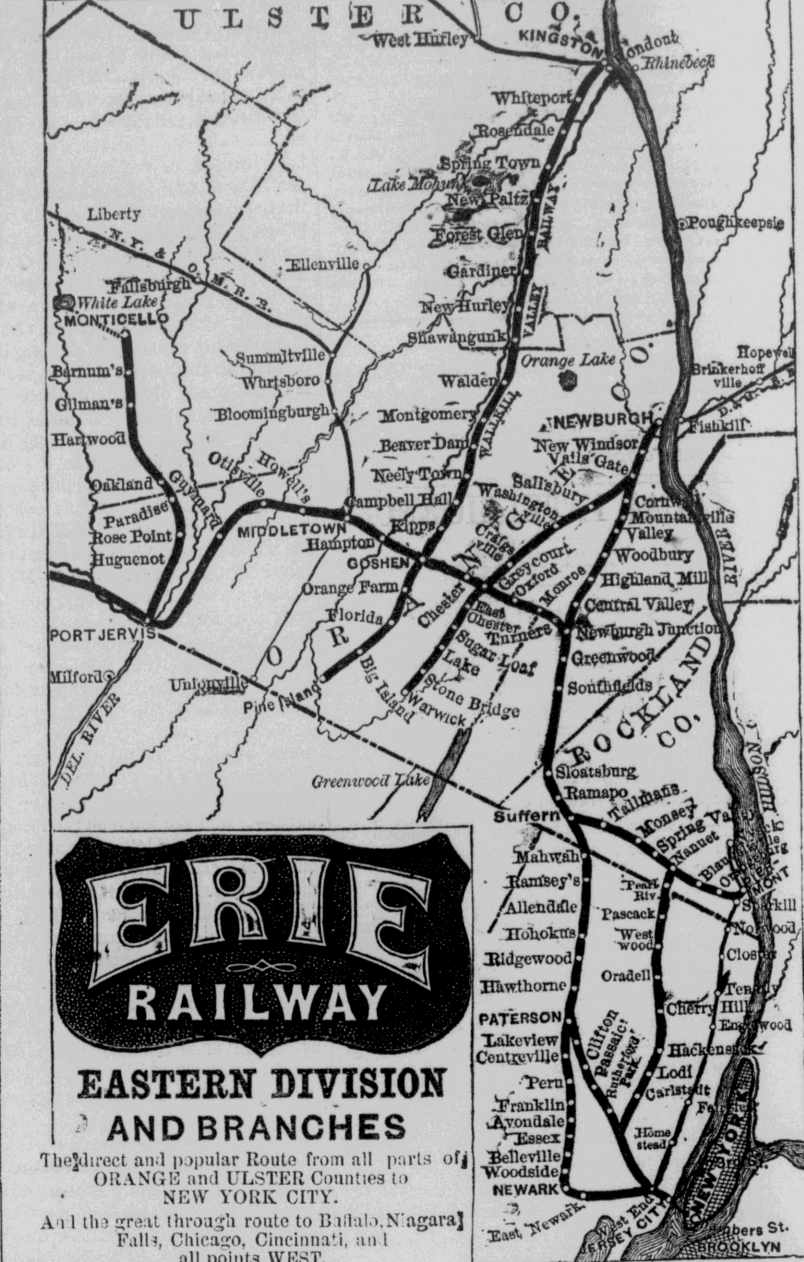
THE FAMOUS & FEROCIOUS FIJI CANNIBALS, Sole Representatives of their human flesh-devouring race in Christendom, and rescued by Mr. Barnum from their captors, by whom they were condemned to be executed.

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THREE CONSTELLATIONS OF CIRCUS CELEBRITIES! Whose diversified acts are unequalled and unsurpassed. The greatest number of the Great Riders, Leapers, Gymnasts, Trapesists, Clowns, Contortionists, Fantomists and General Performers, of every Nation, ever congregated. More than enough to constitute a score of ordinary circuses.

The Best Educated Elephants, Camels, Trick Horses, Ponies, Mules, And other animals, and more of them, than were ever before exhibited at one time. This Mastodon, Ancient Enterprise being very rare.



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Time Table of Wallkill Valley Railway. Look effect Monday, January 12, 1874.

174 376

Dep. Kingston, 1:15 a.m. 3:40 p.m. 5:00 p.m.

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